

The Bank for International Settlements (BIS) is an international organisation that serves central banks and other financial authorities across the globe to build a greater collective understanding of the world economy, fosters international cooperation among them and supports them in the pursuit of global monetary and financial stability.

The global bank for central banks

The BIS is owned by 60 member central banks and monetary authorities from around the world (see last page). We work for and with them in three main areas:

- promoting international cooperation among monetary and financial authorities
- conducting economic research and analysis on policy issues confronting them
- providing banking services to the central bank community

We embrace continuous innovation on both the analytical and business fronts, while constantly improving what we do and how we do it, in a dynamic and vibrant work environment.

We are headquartered in Basel, Switzerland, and have representative offices in Hong Kong SAR and Mexico City.

International cooperation

Through the Basel Process, the BIS acts as a forum for discussion and a platform for cooperation among policymakers, to foster monetary and financial stability.

In this role, we contribute our expertise in economic research and analysis, our practical experience in banking and our knowledge in regulatory and supervisory issues, adding value to the discussions and cooperative efforts.

In turn, this close interaction with policymakers informs our work and allows us to respond to their needs more effectively, in a mutually enriching dialogue that enhances the collaborative process.

Economic research and analysis

Through its research, analysis and statistics, the BIS supports central bank cooperation and provides an independent voice to sound policymaking.

Our research emphasises the links between the real economy and the financial system, global rather than country-specific aspects, and longer-term drivers of activity. It seeks to strike a balance between responsiveness to short-term, conjunctural issues and proactivity in exploring themes of strategic importance for central banks and prudential authorities.

We also compile and disseminate international statistics on financial institutions and markets.

We are currently expanding our ability to manage and exploit increasing volumes and variety of data, given the availability of big data and advanced analytics technologies.

Banking services

We offer financial services exclusively to central banks, monetary authorities and international organisations, mainly to assist them in the management of their foreign exchange assets.

As an institution owned and governed by central banks, we are well placed to understand the needs of reserve managers – their primary focus on safety and liquidity, as well as the evolving need to diversify their exposures and obtain a competitive return

To meet those needs, we provide credit, gold and foreign exchange intermediation, and asset management services, while administering our own capital. An integrated risk management function ensures that financial and operational risks are properly measured and controlled.

We are enhancing our banking activities by cautiously increasing the Bank's investment

universe and asset duration, expanding the range of products and services available and extending our customer outreach.

International groups at the BIS

A number of committees and associations engaged in the pursuit of financial stability have their secretariats at the BIS. Being located in the same place makes it easier for these groups to communicate and collaborate, as well as interact with policymakers in the meetings that take place here. This exchange of information also makes it easier to coordinate efforts and prevents overlaps and gaps in the various work programmes.

BIS committees

- The Basel Committee on Banking Supervision develops global regulatory standards for banks and seeks to strengthen micro- and macroprudential supervision.
- The Committee on Payments and Market Infrastructures establishes and promotes global regulatory/ oversight standards for payment, clearing, settlement and other market infrastructures, and monitors and analyses developments in these areas.
- The Committee on the Global Financial System monitors and analyses issues relating to financial markets and systems.
- The **Markets Committee** monitors developments in financial markets and their implications for central bank operations.
- The Central Bank Governance Group examines issues related to the design and operation of central banks.
- The Irving Fisher Committee on Central Bank Statistics addresses statistical issues relating to economic, monetary and financial stability.

The following associations also have secretariats at the BIS, but have their own separate legal identity and governance structure, and report to their members.

- The Financial Stability Board coordinates the work of national authorities and international standard setters in developing and promoting the implementation of effective regulatory, supervisory and other financial sector policies in the interest of global financial stability.
- The International Association of Deposit Insurers sets global standards for deposit insurance systems and promotes cooperation on deposit insurance and bank resolution arrangements.
- The International Association of Insurance Supervisors sets global standards for the insurance sector to promote effective and globally consistent supervision for the benefit and protection of policyholders and to contribute to global financial stability.

BIS staff

The BIS is a small and diverse organisation of around 600 staff members from more than 60 countries. Our staff have expertise in finance, banking, risk management, international law, monetary and financial economics, statistics, financial technology and cyber security among other fields. Most work at the headquarters in Basel, Switzerland, while a small number work in representative offices located in Hong Kong SAR and Mexico City.



BIS shareholding central banks

Bank of Algeria

Central Bank of Argentina Reserve Bank of Australia

Central Bank of the Republic of Austria

National Bank of Belgium

Central Bank of Bosnia and Herzegovina

Central Bank of Brazil Bulgarian National Bank

Bank of Canada

Central Bank of Chile

People's Bank of China

Central Bank of Colombia

Croatian National Bank

Czech National Bank

Danmarks Nationalbank

Bank of Estonia

European Central Bank

Bank of Finland

Bank of France

Deutsche Bundesbank

Bank of Greece

Hong Kong Monetary Authority

Magyar Nemzeti Bank Central Bank of Iceland Reserve Bank of India

Bank Indonesia

Central Bank of Ireland

Bank of Israel Bank of Italy

Bank of Japan

Bank of Korea

Bank of Latvia

Bank of Lithuania

Central Bank of Luxembourg

National Bank of the Republic of North Macedonia

Central Bank of Malaysia

Bank of Mexico

Netherlands Bank

Reserve Bank of New Zealand

Central Bank of Norway

Central Reserve Bank of Peru

Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas

Narodowy Bank Polski

Bank of Portugal

National Bank of Romania

Central Bank of the Russian Federation

Saudi Arabian Monetary Authority

National Bank of Serbia

Monetary Authority of Singapore

National Bank of Slovakia

Bank of Slovenia

South African Reserve Bank

Bank of Spain

Sveriges Riksbank

Swiss National Bank

Bank of Thailand

Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey

Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates

Bank of England

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

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