

Harmoniemusik (music for a small wind band) enjoyed a great vogue in Europe in the last quarter of the eighteenth and first quarter of the nineteenth centuries.^{1.} J.C. Bach, Haydn, Cambini, Mozart, Rosetti, Beethoven, Krommer, Druschetzky, and numerous other composers of varying stature composed for the medium. In Vienna, in particular, the nobility vied with one another in maintaining ensembles (usually 2 oboes, 2 clarinets, 2 horns, 2 bassoons) of the finest available wind musicians. Transcriptions of popular operas of the day were especially in demand as repertoire. Meysel's Handbuch^{2.} lists a very large number of arrangements of operas by Boieldieu, Cherubini, Cimarosa, Dalayrac, Leseur, Mehul, Mozart, Paer, Paisiello, Salieri, Spontini, and others well known in their lifetimes.

The source of this edition is the transcription by the Bohemian Johann Nepomuk Wendt (1745 - ca. 1809-1810). After a short period in the musical establishment of Count Pachta in Prague, Wendt (also known as Giovanni de Vent) was engaged as oboist in the Vienna opera orchestra in 1777 and was also a "founder member and director of the kaiserlich-königlich Harmonie" in 1782.^{3.} According to David Whitwell^{4.} The Marriage of Figaro (composed in 1785) was transcribed by Wendt in 1791. The present edition is based on a copy kindly provided by the Biblioteca del Conservatorio "Lugi Cherubini" in Florence, Italy.

The inaccuracies and inconsistencies of articulation and dynamic indications preclude a strict adherence to the manuscript version. We have therefore returned to Mozart's own articulation in many instances when no evident purpose could be seen in following a less idiomatic one of the transcriber or, possibly, the copyist. For example, in the opening figure of the overture we have used Mozart's slurring:



in the manuscript.

The careless treatment of dynamic indications has obliged the frequent use of the opera score as a final arbiter.

The chief textual change has been the restoration (given to the second bassoon) of the short bassoon solo passage inexplicably omitted in bars 84-90 of the overture. Wendt does include it in its return later. Wrong notes have been corrected in accordance with the opera score. Nevertheless, Wendt's work is presented relatively intact and proves him to have been a very competent transcriber. The horn parts in D^{\natural} sound a fifth lower than written.

ROBERT BLOCK
HIMIE VOXMAN
Iowa City, Iowa
April, 1975

1. S. James Kurtz, A Study and Catalog of Ensemble Music for Woodwinds Alone or With Brass to ca. 1825, Ph.D. dissertation, University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, 1971.
2. Anton Meysel, Handbuch der musikalischen Litteratur oder allgemeines systematisch-geordnetes Verzeichniss der bis zum Ende des Jahres 1815 gedruckten Musikalien. Leipzig: Meysel, 1817. 10 supplements to 1827.
3. Roger Hellyer's doctoral thesis (Oxford University, 1973) "Harmoniemusik: Music for Small Wind Band in the Late Eighteenth and Early Nineteenth Century" is an excellent comprehensive account of this medium and its repertoire.
4. A valuable source of information regarding the Vienna Harmoniemusik of this period is David Whitwell's series of articles on "The Incredible Vienna Octet School" found in The Instrumentalist magazine (Evanston, Illinois), Vol. XXIV, Nos. 3-7 October 1969-February 1970.

A brilliant performance of the transcription by the London Wind Soloists is available on Decca Records. It should be noted, however, that the performers have made a number of appropriate changes in the text of the transcription manuscript.

U.S. 78

THE MARRIAGE OF FIGARO

Arranged for

2 Oboes, 2 Clarinets, 2 Horns & 2 Bassoons

by

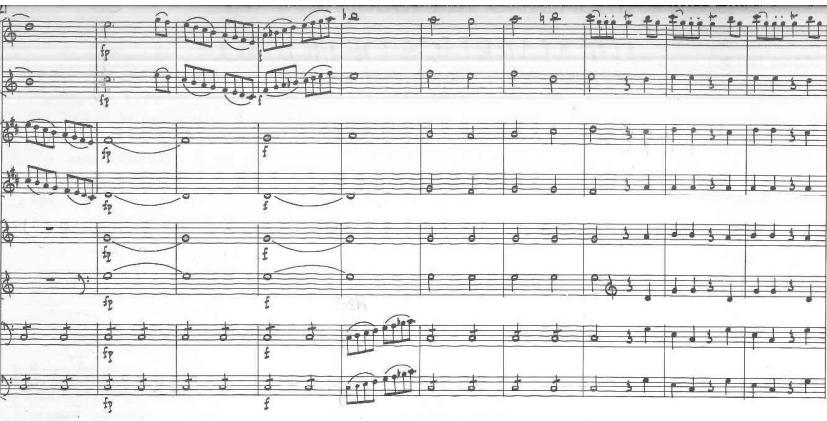
JOHANN NEPOMUK WENDT

Volume I

1. Overture *

* Sinfonia (Presto) in the opera score

© World Copyright 1975 by MUSICA BARA London
M.R. 1825



81

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests. Measure numbers 81 through 85 are visible at the top of each staff. The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns.

81
dol.

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests. Measure numbers 81 through 85 are visible at the top of each staff. The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns. The instruction "dol." appears twice on the first staff.

101

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests. Measure numbers 101 through 105 are visible at the top of each staff. The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns.

111

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests. Measure numbers 111 through 115 are visible at the top of each staff. The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns.

121

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests. Measure numbers 121 through 125 are visible at the top of each staff. The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns.

131

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests. Measure numbers 131 through 135 are visible at the top of each staff. The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns.

141

A handwritten musical score for orchestra. It consists of six staves. The top two staves begin with a treble clef, the middle staff has a bass clef, and the bottom two staves have a bass clef. The score includes various dynamic markings like fp , f , and ff . Measures 141 through 144 are shown, with measure 141 featuring a prominent eighth-note pattern in the lower voices.

171

A handwritten musical score for orchestra, continuing from page 141. It features six staves with treble and bass clefs. Measures 171 through 174 are shown, with measure 171 starting with a dynamic f .

181

A handwritten musical score for orchestra, continuing from page 171. It features six staves with treble and bass clefs. Measures 181 through 184 are shown, with measure 181 starting with a dynamic f .

191

A handwritten musical score for orchestra, continuing from page 181. It features six staves with treble and bass clefs. Measures 191 through 194 are shown, with measure 191 starting with a dynamic f .

8

201

211

221

9

231

241

Allegro

2. L'Introduzione *

10



20



30



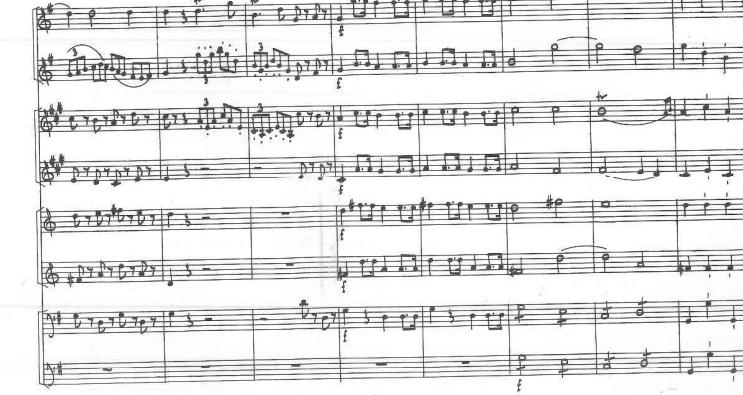
40



50



60



The image shows a page from a handwritten musical score. At the top left, it says "Allegretto". In the center, it reads "3. Se a caso madama. Duetto". The score consists of ten staves of music, likely for an orchestra and choir. The music is written in various time signatures, including common time and measures with 6/8 and 4/4. It features a variety of dynamics such as forte (f), piano (p), and mezzo-forte (mf). Articulations include staccato dots and slurs. There are several performance instructions: "del." (detached) appears twice, "sim." (similar) once, and "f" (forte) once. The handwriting is in black ink on white paper.

13

30

40

50

60

70

80

90

100

111

Musical score page 10, measures 10-15. The score consists of eight staves. Measure 10 starts with a dynamic of $m.m.$. Measures 11-15 show a continuation of the musical line with various dynamics and note patterns.

Musical score page 10, measures 16-20. The score continues with eight staves. Measures 16-19 show a steady pattern of eighth notes. Measure 20 begins with a dynamic of p .

Musical score page 10, measures 21-25. The score features eight staves. Measures 21-24 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes. Measure 25 concludes with a dynamic of f .

* No. 3. Cavatina (Allegretto) in the opera score

Musical score page 11, measures 30-35. The score consists of eight staves. Measures 30-34 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 35 concludes with a dynamic of p .

Musical score page 11, measures 36-40. The score continues with eight staves. Measures 36-39 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 40 concludes with a dynamic of p .

Musical score page 11, measures 41-45. The score features eight staves. Measures 41-44 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 45 concludes with a dynamic of p .

1060

Musical score page 1060 featuring ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like *mf*, *mv*, and *p*. The staves represent different instruments or voices.

70

Musical score page 70 featuring ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like *p* and *pp*. The staves represent different instruments or voices.

Allegro

5. Non più andrai farfallone amoroso. Aria*

Musical score page 5 featuring ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like *p*, *mp*, and *f*. The staves represent different instruments or voices. The section is labeled "5. Non più andrai farfallone amoroso. Aria*".

* No. 10 Aria in the opera score

8

Musical score page 8 featuring ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like *p* and *mp*. The staves represent different instruments or voices.

16

Musical score page 16 featuring ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like *p*, *cresc.*, and *dec.*. The staves represent different instruments or voices.

24

Musical score page 24 featuring ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various clefs, key signatures, and dynamic markings like *p*, *cresc.*, and *dec.*. The staves represent different instruments or voices.

This image displays six pages of a handwritten musical score for orchestra, arranged in two columns. The score consists of multiple staves, each with a unique key signature and time signature.

- Page 32:** The first page of the score. It features ten staves. Measure numbers 32 and 33 are present at the top of the first staff. Dynamics include mp , f , and p .
- Page 40:** The second page of the score. It features ten staves. Measure number 40 is at the top of the first staff. Dynamics include p , f , and ff .
- Page 49:** The third page of the score. It features ten staves. Measure number 49 is at the top of the first staff. Dynamics include p , f , and ff .
- Page 56:** The fourth page of the score. It features ten staves. Measure numbers 56 and 57 are at the top of the first staff. Dynamics include cresc. f , ff , p , cresc. f , ff , p , cresc. f , ff , p , and cresc. f .
- Page 64:** The fifth page of the score. It features ten staves. Measure numbers 64 and 65 are at the top of the first staff. Dynamics include ff , p , cresc. ff , cresc. f , ff , p , cresc. f , ff , p , cresc. f , ff , p , and cresc. f .
- Page 72:** The sixth page of the score. It features ten staves. Measure numbers 72 and 73 are at the top of the first staff. Dynamics include p , ff , p , ff , p , ff , p , ff , p , ff , and p .

A handwritten musical score page, numbered 80 at the top left. The score consists of six staves, each with a different clef (G, F, C, B-flat, A, and E). The music is written in 2/4 time. Measures 1 through 5 are mostly blank or contain rests. Measure 6 begins with a dynamic of $\frac{f}{p}$. Measures 7 through 10 feature various note heads and stems. Measures 11 through 14 show more complex patterns, including eighth-note groups and sixteenth-note figures. Measures 15 through 18 continue the rhythmic patterns. Measures 19 through 22 show further developments. Measures 23 through 26 conclude the section. Measure 27 starts with a dynamic of $\frac{f}{p}$ and includes a measure repeat sign. Measures 28 through 31 show a continuation of the patterns. Measures 32 through 35 conclude the section. Measures 36 through 39 show a final section starting with a dynamic of $\frac{f}{p}$. Measures 40 through 43 conclude the page.

A handwritten musical score page featuring ten staves of music. The staves are arranged in two groups: the top group contains five staves (two bass staves, one soprano staff, one alto staff, and one tenor staff), and the bottom group contains five staves (one bass staff, three soprano staves, and one tenor staff). The music consists primarily of eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 89 and 90 are visible at the top left. The score includes dynamic markings such as f (fortissimo) and p (pianissimo).

MUSICA RARA PUBLICATION

Version A = Solo instrument and piano reduction **Version B** = Score and Orchestral material complete. Extra String parts available

TRUMPET

(For additional Trumpet items See Cornetto section).

| | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| BACH J.S. | COMPLETE REPERTOIRE (Revised) | 3 Volumes |
| EISENHACKI | 2 Capriccios | 2 Trumpets & RC. |
| HAENDEL | COMPLETE REPERTOIRE | 4 Volumes |
| HUMMEL | Concerto | A. B. |
| MOLTER | Symphony | 4 Trumpets |
| MOZART | Divertimento K 188 | 5 Trumpets, 2 Flutes/Clarinets, 4 Timp |
| PEZEL | Sonatas (Bicinia) 61, 62, 65, 66. | 2 Trumpets, BC |
| " | Sonatas (Bicinia) 69, 70, 72 | |
| " | 73. | 2 Trumpets & BC |
| " | Sonatas (Bicinia) 71 & 74 | 2 Trumpets & BC |
| PURCELL | COMPLETE REPERTOIRE | 2 Volumes |
| SCARLATTI | Cantata "Su le sponde del Tevere" published for the first time in complete form together with 10 Opera Arias: | |
| STANLEY | 6 Volymeters | Scarsano, Trumpet, BC |
| STARZER | Musica da Camera molto particolare (formerly attributed to Mozart Divertimento K 187) | Trumpet & Organ |
| VOLUNTARIES (18th century) | by Green, Boyce, Croft, etc. | 5 Trumpets, 2 Flutes/Clarinets, 4 Timp Trumpet & Organ |

BRASS ENSEMBLE

(For additional items see Kromeriz series)

| | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BERTALI BRADE | 6 Short Sonatas 52 Short Pictures. Neue ausserlesene liebliche Brände, Intraden, Mascharden, Balreten etc. | 2 Trumpets, (Cornetti), 3 Trombones, B.C. 2 Trombones |
| GABRIELI A. | Complete Edition 1617 Ricercare del Sesto Tuono | 2 Cornetti (Trumpet), 3 Trombones 2 Trumpets, Trombone 1/Horn, Trombone. II |
| " | Ricercare del Duodecimo Tuono | 2 Trumpets, Trombone 1/Horn, Trombone II |
| GASSER HOLBORNE | 5 Part Brass Music | 2 Trumpets & Trombone.. |
| | COMPLETE IN 2 Vols. | 2 Trumpets, 3 Trombones |
| PEZEL | 5 Part Brass Music | 2 Trumpets, 3 Trombones |
| | COMPLETE IN 3 Vols | 2 Trumpets, 3 Trombones |
| " | Hora Decima 5 Part | 2 Trumpets, 3 Trombones |
| | COMPLETE IN 2 Vols. | 2 Trumpets, 3 Trombones |
| SIMPSON T. | Opere newer Paduanen, Gallarden, Intraden, Canzonen 5 Part 1617 COMPLETE Edition in 2 Vols. | Gallarden, Intraden, Canzonen 2 Trumpets, 3 Trombones |
| TUROK | Etegy Opus 23 in memory of Karoly Barthus | 2 Cornetti (Trumpets, 3 Trombones |

VENETIAN BRASS MUSIC OF THE early 16th & early 17th CENTURIES.

4 PART (2 Trumpets, Trombones/Horn, Trombone III)

| | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| 10 | ANTEGNATI | Canzona 9 |
| 30 | BANCHIERI | Canzoni "La Feliciana" "La Organista Bella" (Echo) |
| 31 | " | Canzon "La Bachieriana" — "L'Alcenagina" |
| 26 | BARGAGNI | Canzona "Monteverde" |
| 25 | CAVACCIO | 2 Canzona "La Fina" — "La Foresta" |
| 19 | FRESCOBALDI | Canzona 13 |
| 1 | GABRIELI G. | |
| 2 | " | Canzonas 1-4 |
| 13 | GRILLO | Canzon 14, 15, 16 |
| 5 | GUAMI | Canzon 8 |
| 14 | " | Canzon 17 |
| 28 | " | Canzon "La Guamina" |
| 4 | LAPPI | Canzonas 11, 12 |
| 9 | LUZASCHI | Canzon 10 |
| 8 | MASCHERA | Canzonas 7, 8 |
| 12 | " | Canzonas "La Maggia" — Ai S. Pompeo Coradello" |
| 28 | " | Canzonas "L'Uggiera" — "La Girella" |
| 6 | MERULO | Canzon 5 |
| <i>5 PART (2 Trumpets, Trombone II/Horn, Trombones II & III)</i> | | |
| 16 | ANTEGNATI | Canzona 20 |
| 16 | CHILESE | Canzona 22 |
| 20 | FRESCOBALDI | Canzona 21 |
| 17 | GUAMI | Canzona 19 |
| 18 | MERULO | Canzonas 18, 23, 36 |

TROMBONI

(For additional items see Krameriz Series)

| | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| BERTALI | Sonata à 3 No. 1 d | 2 Violins, Trombone, BC—Organ |
| " | Sonata à 3 No. 2 d | 2 Violins, Trombone, BC—Organ |
| " | Sonata à 3 No. 3 d | 2 Violins, Trombone, BC—Organ |
| BIBER H.I.F. | Sonata à Tre | 2 Violins, Trombones, BC—Organ |
| GOW | Suite | 4 Trombones |
| PARROTT | Concerto | Solo Trombone & Wind Band |
| PREMRU | | |
| " | Concertino | Solo Trombone & Wind Quintet |
| SCHMELZER | Tisington Vnts | 4 Trombones |
| SCHUETZ | Sonata Pastoralis | Trombone, 2 Violins & BC |
| | ATTENDITE POPULE | Bassoon, 4 Trombones & BC |
| SPREER | MEUS | |
| TELEMANN- | Sonata | 3 Trombones |
| LUMSDEN | Concerto | 4 Trombones |
| WECKMANN | Sonata à 4 | Trombone, Oboe, Violin, Bassoon |

2 GREAT MARLBOROUGH STREET, LONDON

Harmoniemusik (music for a small wind band) enjoyed a great vogue in Europe in the last quarter of the eighteenth and first quarter of the nineteenth centuries.¹ J.C. Bach, Haydn, Cambini, Mozart, Rosetti, Beethoven, Krommer, Druschetzky, and numerous other composers of varying stature composed for the medium. In Vienna, in particular, the nobility vied with one another in maintaining ensembles (usually 2 oboes, 2 clarinets, 2 horns, 2 bassoons) of the finest available wind musicians. Transcriptions of popular operas of the day were especially in demand as repertoire. Meysel's *Handbuch*² lists a very large number of arrangements of operas by Boieldieu, Cherubini, Cimarosa, Dalayrac, Leseur, Mehul, Mozart, Paer, Paisiello, Salieri, Spontini, and others well known in their lifetimes.

The source of this edition is the transcription by the Bohemian Johann Nepomuk Wendt (1745 - ca. 1809 - 1810). After a short period in the musical establishment of Count Pachta in Prague, Wendt (also known as Giovanni de Vent) was engaged as oboist in the Vienna opera orchestra in 1777 and was also a "founder member and director of the kaiserlich - koniglich Harmonie" in 1782.³ According to David Whitwell⁴. The Marriage of Figaro (composed in 1785) was transcribed by Wendt in 1791. The present edition is based on a copy kindly provided by the Biblioteca del Conservatorio "Luigi Cherubini" in Florence, Italy.

The inaccuracies and inconsistencies of articulation and dynamic indications preclude a strict adherence to the manuscript version. We have therefore returned to Mozart's own articulation in many instances when no evident purpose could be seen in following a less idiomatic one of the transcriber or, possibly, the copyist. For example, in the opening figure of the overture we have used Mozart's slurring:



in the manuscript.

The careless treatment of dynamic indications has obliged the frequent use of the opera score as a final arbiter.

The chief textual change has been the restoration (given to the second bassoon) of the short bassoon solo passage inexplicably omitted in bars 84–90 of the overture. Wendt does include it in its return later. Wrong notes have been corrected in accordance with the opera score. Nevertheless, Wendt's work is presented relatively intact and proves him to have been a very competent transcriber. The horn parts in D° sound a fifth lower than written.

ROBERT BLOCK
HIMIE VOXMAN
Iowa City, Iowa
April, 1975

1. S. James Kurtz, A Study and Catalog of Ensemble Music for Woodwinds Alone or With Brass to ca. 1825, Ph.D. dissertation, University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, 1971.
 2. Anton Meysel, Handbuch der musikalischen Litteratur oder allgemeines systematisch-geordnetes Verzeichniss der bis zum Ende des Jahres 1815 gedruckten Musikalien. Leipzig: Meysel, 1817. 10 supplements to 1827.
 3. Roger Hellyer's doctoral thesis (Oxford University, 1973) " 'Harmoniemusik': Music for Small Wind Band in the Late Eighteenth and Early Nineteenth Century" is an excellent comprehensive account of this medium and its repertoire.
 4. A valuable source of information regarding the Vienna Harmoniemusik of this period is David Whitwell's series of articles on "The Incredible Vienna Octet School" found in The Instrumentalist magazine (Evanston, Illinois), Vol. XXIV, Nos. 3-7 October 1969-February 1970.

A brilliant performance of the transcription by the London Wind Soloists is available on Decca Records. It should be noted, however, that the performers have made a number of appropriate changes in the text of the transcription manuscript.

WOLFGANG AMADEUS MOZART

THE MARRIAGE OF FIGARO

Arranged for

2 Oboes, 2 Clarinets, 2 Horns & 2 Bassoon
by

JOHANN NEPOMUK WENDT

Volume II

6 Porgi amor. Arias

Larghetto [F]

Oboe I *p dol.*

Oboe II *p dolce*

Clarinet I in Bb ?

Clarinet II in Bb ?

Horn I in F

Horn II in F

Bassoon I

Bassoon II

This image shows a handwritten musical score for orchestra, page 11, measures 11-12. The score includes ten staves of music with various instruments. Measure 11 starts with a forte dynamic. Measures 11-12 feature multiple crescendos and decrescendos, indicated by the word 'CRESCE.' and 'DECRESCE.' in capital letters. Measure 12 concludes with a dynamic instruction 'CRESCE. CRESCE.'



Andante con moto

7. Voi che sapete che cosa è amor*

Musical score page 2 showing the vocal line for "Voi che sapete che cosa è amor". The vocal part is labeled "TAGET". The vocal line consists of eighth-note patterns, with dynamics including "sf", "cresc.", and "f". The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support.

Musical score page 3 showing measures 11-13. The vocal line continues with eighth-note patterns and dynamics like "sf" and "cresc.". The piano accompaniment maintains the harmonic structure.

* No.12 Arietta (Andante) in the opera score

Musical score page 4 showing measures 21-23. The vocal line continues with eighth-note patterns and dynamics like "sf" and "cresc.". The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support.

Musical score page 5 showing measures 31-33. The vocal line continues with eighth-note patterns and dynamics like "sf" and "cresc.". The piano accompaniment maintains the harmonic structure.

Musical score page 6 showing measures 41-43. The vocal line continues with eighth-note patterns and dynamics like "sf" and "cresc.". The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support.

51

61

Allegretto

8. Venite inginocchiatevi. Aria*

* No.13. Aria in the opera score

20

30

40



50

A page from a musical score featuring ten staves of dense handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with dynamic markings such as "sf", "ff", and "p" scattered throughout the measures.

80

A page from a musical score featuring ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with dynamic markings such as "cresc.", "ff", and "p" scattered throughout the measures.

60

A page from a musical score featuring ten staves of dense handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with dynamic markings such as "sf", "ff", and "p" scattered throughout the measures.

91

A page from a musical score featuring ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with dynamic markings such as "sf", "ff", and "p" scattered throughout the measures.



9. Cruel! perchè finora e non mi mancherai. Duetto*

Andante

Musical score page 19, measures 1-10 of the duet. The section begins with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{8}$. The vocal line is labeled "Sole". Measures 1-10 show a progression of chords and melodic lines for the two voices.

10

Musical score page 20, measures 11-12. The score continues with ten staves. Measure 11 starts with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{8}$. Measure 12 begins with a dynamic of $\frac{3}{8}$.

* No.17. Duettino in opera score

20

Musical score page 21, measures 13-14. The score continues with ten staves. Measure 13 starts with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{8}$. Measure 14 begins with a dynamic of $\frac{3}{8}$.

30

Musical score page 22, measures 15-16. The score continues with ten staves. Measure 15 starts with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{8}$. Measure 16 begins with a dynamic of $\frac{3}{8}$.

40

Musical score page 23, measures 17-18. The score continues with ten staves. Measure 17 starts with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{8}$. Measure 18 begins with a dynamic of $\frac{3}{8}$.

60

10. Riconosci in questo amplexo.*

Andante

muv.

Solo

* No. 19. *Sestetto* in the opera score

10

20

30

A handwritten musical score page, numbered 40 at the top left. The score consists of six staves, each with a unique key signature and time signature. The instruments represented by the staves include: 1) Bassoon (Bassoon part), 2) Trombone (Trombone part), 3) Bassoon (Bassoon part), 4) Trombone (Trombone part), 5) Trombone (Trombone part), and 6) Trombone (Trombone part). The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth note figures, and dynamic markings such as 'dol.' (dolce) and question marks indicating performance decisions.

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of complex musical notation. The notation includes various note heads, stems, and beams, with some measures containing rests and others filled with notes. Measure numbers 50, 51, and 52 are visible above the staves. The music is written in a mix of common time and 3/4 time signatures.

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The music is written in black ink on white paper. The first staff uses a treble clef, the second a bass clef, and the third a tenor clef. The fourth staff uses a bass clef, the fifth a treble clef, and the sixth a bass clef. Measures 60 through 65 are shown, with measure 60 at the top and measure 65 at the bottom. The score includes various note heads, stems, and rests, with some measures containing more complex rhythmic patterns than others.

This image shows a handwritten musical score page, numbered 13 at the top right. The score consists of six staves, each with a unique key signature and time signature. Measure 70 begins with a treble clef staff containing a single note followed by a rest. The subsequent staves show various patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes, often with grace notes and slurs. Measure 71 continues this pattern, with some staves featuring dynamic markings like *f* (fortissimo) and *p* (pianissimo). The vocal line, labeled "Solo" and "P. dol.", includes a melodic line with grace notes and a dynamic marking of *f*. The bass line, labeled "Bass dol.", features sustained notes and grace notes. The overall style is complex, typical of early 20th-century musical notation.

80

slip slip slip
cresc. f ff

slip slip slip
cresc. f ff

slip slip slip
cresc. f ff

cresc. f ff

cresc. f ff

rit.
slip
cresc. f ff

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the second staff an alto F-clef, and the third staff a bass G-clef. The bottom three staves use a soprano C-clef. Measure numbers 90 and 91 are written above the first two staves. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some measure endings indicated by vertical lines and repeat signs.

100

A page of handwritten musical score for orchestra. The score consists of ten staves, each with a different instrument's part. The notation is in common time, with various dynamics like p , f , and p with a circled 2. Measure numbers 100 and 101 are visible at the top left.

110

A page of handwritten musical score for orchestra, continuing from page 100. It shows ten staves of music with measure numbers 110 and 111. The notation includes various dynamics and rests.

120

A page of handwritten musical score for orchestra, continuing from page 110. It shows ten staves of music with measure numbers 120 and 121. The notation includes various dynamics and rests.

II. Dove sono i bei momenti. Aria
Andante

A page of handwritten musical score for orchestra, labeled "II. Dove sono i bei momenti. Aria" and "Andante". It shows ten staves of music with measure numbers 10 and 11. The notation includes various dynamics and rests.

10

A page of handwritten musical score for orchestra, continuing from page II. It shows ten staves of music with measure numbers 10 and 11. The notation includes various dynamics and rests.

20

A page of handwritten musical score for orchestra, continuing from page 10. It shows ten staves of music with measure numbers 20 and 21. The notation includes various dynamics and rests.

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The score includes various dynamics such as forte (f), piano (p), and accents. There are also specific markings like 'del.' (detached) and 'C' (likely a rehearsal mark or section indicator). The music consists of complex rhythmic patterns and melodic lines.

A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the second staff an alto F-clef, the third staff a bass G-clef, and the bottom three staves are tenor D-clefs. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some notes having horizontal dashes through them. Measures 1 through 10 are shown, with measure 10 ending on a double bar line. Measure 11 begins with a repeat sign and a bass clef, continuing the musical line.

A handwritten musical score page showing system 5. The title "Allegro" is at the top. The score consists of eight staves, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic. Measures 2-3 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 4-5 continue the eighth-note patterns. Measures 6-7 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 8-9 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 10-11 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 12-13 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 14-15 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 16-17 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 18-19 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 20-21 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 22-23 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 24-25 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 26-27 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 28-29 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 30-31 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 32-33 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 34-35 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 36-37 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 38-39 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 40-41 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 42-43 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 44-45 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 46-47 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 48-49 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 50-51 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 52-53 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 54-55 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 56-57 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 58-59 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 60-61 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 62-63 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 64-65 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 66-67 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 68-69 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 70-71 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 72-73 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 74-75 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 76-77 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 78-79 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 80-81 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 82-83 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 84-85 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 86-87 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 88-89 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 90-91 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 92-93 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 94-95 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 96-97 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 98-99 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 100-101 show eighth-note patterns.

A musical score page featuring six staves of music. The top three staves are for woodwind instruments (oboe, bassoon, and flute) and include dynamic markings like forte and piano. The bottom three staves are for brass instruments (trombone, tuba, and trumpet). The score is set in common time and includes measure numbers 53 through 56.

A musical score page featuring six staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the second staff an alto clef, the third staff a bass clef, and the bottom three staves are for the strings (Violin I, Violin II, Cello). The music consists of complex rhythmic patterns and includes dynamic markings like 'p' (piano) and 'f' (fortissimo), as well as performance instructions such as 'C' (coda) and 'rit.' (ritardando). The page number '69' is located in the top left corner.

A musical score page featuring ten staves of music for various instruments. The top two staves are for woodwind instruments, the middle two for brass, and the bottom four for strings. Measure 11 begins with a dynamic of ff . Measures 11 and 12 feature eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. Measure 12 concludes with a dynamic of p .

90

10

98

15

Andante di giusto

12. Sull' aria che soave zeffiretto. Duetto*

Oboe 2 TACET

Clar. 2 TACET

22

Musical score page 20, measures 29-30. The score consists of eight staves for different instruments. Measure 29 starts with a forte dynamic and includes grace notes. Measure 30 continues the melodic line with eighth-note patterns.

Musical score page 36, measures 36-37. The score shows a continuation of the melodic line with eighth-note patterns and some rests.

13. Ecco la marcia*

Marcia

Musical score page 36, measure 38 onwards, starting "Marcia". The score features a steady eighth-note pattern throughout the staves.

Musical score page 9, measures 9-10. The score shows a continuation of the eighth-note patterns from the previous section.

Musical score page 9, measures 11-12. The score shows a continuation of the eighth-note patterns from the previous section.

Musical score page 9, measures 13-14. The score shows a continuation of the eighth-note patterns from the previous section.



90

100

Andante

14. Deh vieni non tardar. Aria*

CL 2 TACET
HORN TACET

* No. 28. Aria in the opera score

7

14

21

29

This block contains two staves of musical notation. The top staff begins with a dynamic of f° . The bottom staff begins with a dynamic of p . Both staves feature various note heads, stems, and rests, typical of a symphonic or chamber music score.

37

This block contains two staves of musical notation, continuing from the previous section. The dynamics and musical style remain consistent with the first section.

Andante

15. Finale

This block contains two staves of musical notation. The top staff starts with p , followed by ff , then p , then cresc. , then f , then p . The bottom staff starts with p , followed by ff , then p , then cresc. , then f , then p . The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns with various rests.

* No. 29. in the opera score

8

This block contains two staves of musical notation. The dynamics start with f and transition through p and ff to a crescendo. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns with rests.

14

This block contains two staves of musical notation. The dynamics start with f and transition through p and ff to a crescendo. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns with rests.

18

This block contains two staves of musical notation. The dynamics start with p and transition through ff and p to a crescendo. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns with rests.

25

31

27

MUSICA RARA PUBLICATIONS

Version A = Solo instrument and piano reduction Version B = Score and Orchestral material complete. Extra String parts available

FLUTE

| | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------|
| ABEL | Quartet Op 12 No. 2 | Flute & Strings | A. |
| BACH C.P.E. | Concerto G | Flute & Strings | B. |
| " | Concerto Bb | Flute & Strings | A. |
| BACH J.C. | Quartet Opus 8 No. 2 | Flute & Strings | B. |
| " | 3 Quartets D, C, A, | Flute & Strings | A. |
| " | 4 Quintets Op 11, 1, 2, 3, 5 | Flute, Oboe, Violin, Viola, BC | B. |
| " | 2 Quartets Op 19 Nos. 1, 3 | 2 Flute, Viola, VC, (for fl. & String Trio) | A. |
| BACH J.S. | Complete Aria (Masses, Oratorios, Cantatas) | for Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass | B. |
| BOCCHERINI | 3 Quintets Op 21, Nos. 1, 5, 6 | Flute Obligato & BC | A. |
| " | Quintet C | Flute, Oboe, Violin, Viola, VC | B. |
| BOTTESINI | Concerto | Flute, Clarinet & Orchestra | A. |
| D'NEVAL | Symphonica Concertante | Flute, Bassoon & Orchestra | B. Hire |
| " | F Op 31 | | B. Hire |
| CIMAROSA | 3 Quartets for Flute & Strings | | |
| COUPERIN | Concerts Royaux 1-4 | Flute, (2nd Flute), Gamba & BC | |
| " | "Les Goûts Réunis" | 2 Flutes (Violins), Gamba & BC | |
| " | L'Impériale | 2 Flutes (Violins), Gamba & BC | |
| " | Les Nations: L'Espagnole | 2 Flutes (Violins), Gamba & BC | |
| " | La Piémontaise | 2 Flutes (Violins), Gamba & BC | |
| " | L'Apothéose de Corelli & Lully | 2 Flutes (Violins), Gamba & BC | |
| DANZI | Quartet Op 56/1 | Flute & Strings | A. |
| DEVILLENE | Quartet Op 11 | Flute & Strings | B. Hire |
| DOPPLER | Andante & Rondo Op 25 | 2 Flutes & Piano | A. |
| " | Hungarian Phantasy Op 35 | 2 Flutes & Piano | B. Hire |
| DUSHKIN | Quintet | Flute & Strings | A. |
| DUSSEK | Trio | Flute, Cello, Piano | B. |
| FIORILLI | Sinfonia Concertante | 2 Flutes & Orchestra | A. |
| FUERSTENAU | Introduction & Ronde | | |
| " | Brilliant Opus 115 | 2 Flutes & Piano | |
| GIORDANI | Quartet Op II, No. 5 | Flute & Strings | |
| " | Quartet Op III, No. 1 | Flute, Violin, VC., Piano | |
| HAYDN | 3 Trios Opus II Nos 4-6 | Flute, Violin, VC | |
| " | 2 Quartets Opus V Nos. 1 & 2 | Flute & Strings | |
| HUMMEL | Trios Op 78 | Flute, Cello & Piano | A. |
| KRAMMER | Sinfonia Concertante | Flute, Clarinet, Violin, & Orchestra | B. Hire |
| KROMMER | Opus 70 | | |
| " | Sinfonia Concertante Op.80 | Flute, Clarinet, Violin, & Orchestra | A. |
| KUHLAU | 2 Quintets Op 51 Nos. 2 & 3 | Flute & Strings | Parts each |
| " | | | Scores each |
| LOEILLET | Sonata Opus V No. 1 | Flute & BC | A. |
| MOLTER | Flute Concerto | HS 315 | B. |
| PEPUSCH | Concerto Op 8 No. 2 | 2 Flutes, 2 Oboes/Violins & BC | |
| PLATTI | Triosonata G | Flute, Oboe & BC | |
| PLEYEL | Trio Opus 29 D | Flute, Cello, Piano | |
| QUANTZ | Quartet F Opus 17/2 | Flute & Strings | |
| " | Concerto d | 2 Solo Flutes, Strings & BC | A. |
| " | Concerti I, II, III, IV, G, g, D, D | | each |
| RAMEAU | Triosonata c minor | Flute, Oboe & BC | A. |
| " | 5 Arias (Operas) Vol. 1 | Soprano, Flute, BC | B. Hire |
| RIES | " | Tenor, Flute, BC | |
| " | Introduction & Poème Opus 11 | Flute & Piano | |
| ROCKSTRO | Sonata Sentimentale Op. 169 | The Flute (Reprint of the 2nd edition) | |
| WESTER | The Flute Repertoire Catalogue (10,000 Titles) | | |
| VIOTTI | Quartet Opus 22 No. 1 | Flute & Strings | |
| VIVALDI | Trio | Flute, Bassoon/VC., BC | |
| " | Sonata e | Flute, BC (Stockholm) | |
| " | Concerto d F XII, 42 | Flute, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto d F XII, 43 | Flute, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto C D 10 | Flute, Oboe, 2 Violins, BC | |
| " | Concerto C P 82 | Flute, Oboe, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto D P 155 | Flute, Oboe, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto D P 201 | Flute, Oboe, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto D P 204 | Flute, Oboe, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto F P 323 | Flute, Oboe, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto g P 342 | Flute, 2 Violins, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto g P 360 | Flute, Oboe, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |
| " | Concerto g P 404 | Flute, Violin, Bassoon, BC | |

OBOE

| | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------|
| ABEL ALBINONI | Quartet Opus 12 No. 2 | Oboe & Strings | |
| " | Concerto à Cinque Op 9 | Oboe & Strings | each A. |
| " | Nos. 5, 8, 11 | Oboe & Strings | each B. |
| " | Concerto Op 9 Nos 3,6,9,12 | 2 Oboet, & Strings | each A. |
| BACH J.C. | 4 Quintets Op 11 | See Flute Section | |
| " | Sextet C | Oboe, 2 Horns, Violin, Vc., BC | A. |
| " | Concerto F No. 2 | Oboe, Strings & BC | B. Hire |
| BACH J.S. | Complete Aria (Masses, Oratorios, Cantatas) | for Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass | |
| BESOZZI | Concerto | Oboe Obligato & BC | A. |
| BISCOGLI | Triple Concerto | Oboe, Trumpet, Bassoon, Strings, BC | A. |
| BOCCHERINI | 3 Quintets | See Flute Section | B. |
| BOISMORTIER | Triosonatas Opus 40 | 2 Oboes & BC | |
| COUPERIN | Concerts Royaux 1-4 | Oboe, (Flute), Gamba & BC | |
| " | "Les Goûts Réunis" | Oboe, (Flute), Gamba & BC | |
| " | Les Nations: La Française | Oboe, (Flute), Gamba & BC | |
| " | L'Impériale | Oboe, (Flute), Gamba & BC | |
| " | Les Nations: L'Espagnole | Oboe, (Flute), Gamba & BC | |
| " | La Piémontaise | Oboe, (Flute), Gamba & BC | |
| " | L'Apothéose de Corelli & Lully | Oboe, (Flute), Gamba & BC | |
| FASCH | Triple Concerto E | Oboe d'Amore (Ob), Trp., Vn., Strings BC | A. |
| FRESCOBALDI | Canzonas 1-4 (1628) | Oboe (Cornetto) & BC/Organ | B. |
| " | Canzonas 9-13 (1628) | 2 Oboes, (Cornetto) & BC/Organ | |
| " | Canzonas 18-23 (1628) | Oboe (Cornetto), Trombone, BC/Organ | |
| " | Canzonas 27-30 (1628) | 2 Oboes (Cornetto), Trombone, BC/Organ | |
| HERZOGENBERG | Tric. | Oboe, Horn, Piano | |
| HERTEL | Concerto E flat | Oboe, Trumpet, Strings, BC | A. |
| HUMMEL | Introduction, Theme & Vtne | Oboe & Orchestra | B. |
| JACOB | Opus 102 | Oboe & Piano | A. |
| KALLIWODA | Sonata | Solo Oboe & Orchestra | B. Hire |
| LOEILLET | Sonata e Opus V No. 1 | Oboe & BC | |
| PEPUSCH | Concerto Op 8 No. 3 | 2 Oboes/Violins, 2 Violins/Oboes & BC | |
| PLATTI | Triosonata G | Oboe, Flute & BC | |
| QUANTZ | Triosonata c minor | Oboe, Flute & BC | |
| REICHA | Quintet | Oboe & Strings | |
| ROSETTI | Concerto I in C | Oboe, Strings, & BC | |
| VIVALDI | Concerto F P 129 | Oboe, Bassoon, Strings, & BC | A. |
| " | Triosonata 9 (Lund) | 2 Oboes & BC | B. |
| " | Concerto c (Lund) | Oboe, Violin, Strings, BC | A. |
| " | P 53 | 2 Oboes, Strings, BC | B. |
| " | Concerto C P 85 | 2 Oboes, Strings, BC | A. |
| " | P 302 | 2 Oboes, Strings, BC | B. |
| WANHALL | * For additional items see Flute section | | |
| " | 2 Quartets Op. 7 Nos. 1 & 2 | Oboe & Strings | |
| " | 3 Quartets Op. 7 Nos. 4,5,6. | Oboe & Strings | |
| WECKMANN | Sonata | Oboe, Violin, Trombone, Bassoon & BC | |
| WIDERKEHR | Duo Sonata | Oboe & Piano | |
| " | *for additional Oboe items see Trumpet section | | |
| | RECODER | | |
| BLOCK | Concerto | Treble Recorder & Strings | A. |
| CORELLI | Sonata No. 2 | for Treble Recorder & Bassoon Continuo | B. Hire |
| HOTETERRE | Trio Sonatas Op 3 | 2 Treble Recorders & BC | |
| JACOB | Sonata | Treble Recorder & Piano | |
| PEPUSCH | Variations | Treble Recorder & Piano | |
| " | Concerto Up 8 No. 1 | 2 Treble Rec., 2 Fl/Ten. Rec/Oboes/ Violins & BC | |
| " | Concerto Op 8 No. 4 | 2 Treble Rec., 2 Fl/Ten. Rec/Oboes/ Violins & BC | |
| " | Concerto Op 8 No. 5 | 2 Treble Rec., 2 Fl/Ten. Rec/Oboes/ Violins & BC | |
| " | Concerto Op 8 No. 6 | 2 Treble Rec., 2 Fl/Ten. Rec/Oboes/ Violins & BC | |
| SCHICKARDT | 6 Sonatas Opus 22 | 2 Treble Rec., 2 Fl/Ten. Rec/Oboes/ Violins & BC | |
| VIVALDI | Trio | Treble Recorder, Cello/Bassoon & BC | |
| " | Concerto P 78 | Soprano/Tr. Rec., String, BC | |

2 GREAT MARLBOROUGH STREET, LONDON W.1